

How to Make a Succulent Terrarium

Instructor - Debbie Clark



Maintenance of your Terrarium:

Succulents are easy to care for. Make sure they get a few hours of bright indirect sunshine and rotate your container for even growth of plants. Water when the soil is dry and keep water off the plant. Succulents are prone to root rot. Allow only one inch of water in the bottom of the container when watering. Fertilize once a month in the summer. You do not need a lid on this type of terrarium. This type of terrarium does not require humidity.

Supplies:

- Clear vase, jar, fishbowl, bowl, or container with a large opening.
- Small stones, pebbles, or gravel for good drainage.
- Cactus soil mix – holds little moisture and is well-draining.
- Succulent plants in assorted colors, sizes, and shapes.
- Ornamental decorations of your choice like shells, wood, or miniature figurines for visual appeal.
- Play sand or gravel.
- Activated charcoal – a thin layer of charcoal absorbs excess moisture and prevents mold growth.

Assembly:

Make sure your vase, bowl, fishbowl, or other container is clean. It should have a flat bottom and be open at the top and 6 to 8 inches tall for growth of plants.

Plan your design for your terrarium.

Add a layer 1-2 inches deep of gravel, lava stone, or gravel for drainage.

Add a layer of charcoal, then soil.

Add a thick layer of soil for the succulents.

Transplant your succulents into your container. Allow space between plants for growth and air flow.

Gently press the soil around them.

Continue to plant and choose different shapes, colors, and sizes.

After you have transplanted all your plants, cover the surface with white sand or a thin layer of decorative pebbles.

Add decorative stones or ornaments for decorations.

Water