

**VICTORIA GLENN GALLMAN
REMEMBERED AT LLFB**



When Kathy Tanner's mother, Vicky Gallman, passed away in 2015, friends created a fund in her memory to place a fountain in the LLFB gardens. Recently this beautiful feature was installed near the locust bench in the Historic Lamp garden overlooking the river. Kathy has chaired our Garden

Committee as a member of the LLFB Board since its inception. She felt her mother would have loved this tribute. Kathy's memory of her mother: *She loved gardening and bird watching and had a pet wild squirrel she named Skippy that they fed and watched every day. She lived on Lake Wylie in South Carolina. Growing up, we had a little cabin on the lake and spent many happy times there. She and my father retired there in 1990. She loved the Flowering Bridge, though due to her illness, was never able to come see it. She saw many pictures and videos I gave her and she gave me many ideas that I shared with everyone. She knew how much the bridge and all of our bridge friends mean to our family. We are so grateful to our friends for the gift of a fountain in Mom's memory. Her favorite color was blue like her beautiful eyes!*

The Lake Lure Flowering Bridge is a 501(c)3 non-profit organization relying solely on volunteers and donations. To donate, go to <http://lakelurefloweringbridge.org/donate/>



"If you build it, they will come." The Rutherfordton Garden Club came to see the beauty created by our volunteers and we have the picture to prove it. [Photo by Alice Garrard]

**LLFB INFORMATION NOW IN
VISITOR CENTERS ACROSS
NORTH CAROLINA**

The summer travel season is almost here and our message has gone out across the state. Thanks to anonymous donors, our 2016 Lake Lure Flowering Bridge brochures have been sent to North Carolina Visitor Centers. Visitor numbers to the LLFB in past years have been estimated at 30-35,000. We hope to see many more this year.



KOKEDAMA WORKSHOP



Master gardener and LLFB volunteer Lynn Lang led one of our free workshops on May 10th. It drew an interested group of gardeners to learn how to create Kokedama (moss-ball) planters, a traditional Japanese garden art form that has been practiced for centuries. It was a fun experience that resulted in some unique planters for participants to enjoy at home. [Photos by Alice Garrard]



A TIP OF OUR HATS

Our thanks go out to Char Lenishmidt for generous donations of Green Screen, the product that protects our gardens from becoming a smorgasbord for deer and other wildlife. She is the local representative for ordering Green Screen. She can be reached at charleenle@yahoo.com or (828)625-5201.

GARDENING IN THE MOUNTAINS

Master gardener Mary Ann Brown led a well-attended workshop she called "You're Gardening in the Mountains Now" earlier in May. She designed her talk around the idea that those new to our area might benefit from her experience in adapting to gardening here when she relocated from Virginia. **Thanks, Mary Ann,** for the advice below, shared to help all of us be more successful gardeners here.



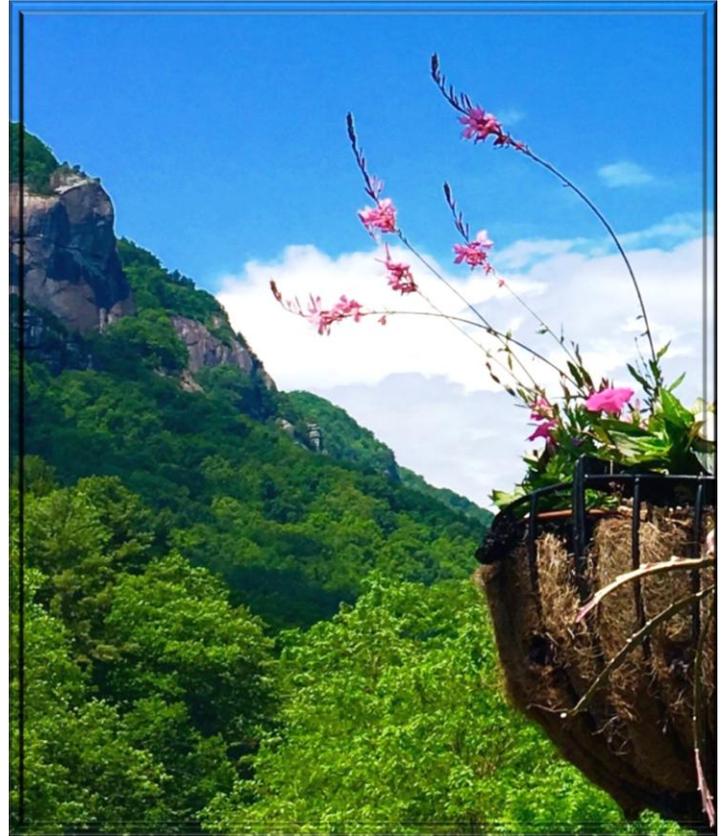
Mountain Characteristics: Mountains create shade. Are you on the north side of a mountain or in a valley between two mountains? Take into account elevation and wind. Is your soil moist, dry, rocky, sandy clay, hard clay, flat or sloped.? How close to water are you? The sun comes up later in the mountains and sets earlier so there are fewer sunlight hours. Here in the Hickory Nut Gorge we are in an isothermal belt. [Editor's Note: The winters are a little warmer and the summers a little cooler than surrounding areas.]

During Your First Year Gardening Here: Wait - Do not plant. (If you can't wait to plant, then plant annuals. Save the perennials and shrubs for next year.) ~ If it's a new home, you have a blank slate. In an older home, wait to see what comes up. Do you like the plants? Can you identify them? ~ Keep a notebook. ~ Start thinking about what you want your garden to look like. ~ Start to save pictures, make a booklet of styles and plants that appeal to you. ~ Visit arboretums, garden centers and neighbors' gardens - make it a fun family outing. ~ Talk to pros at garden centers about best performing plants. ~ Take this time to do hardscapes, large rocks or bring in soil if you need it. ~ Trim up or remove trees to create more light if you are in the woods. ~ Do you have voles or moles? Get rid of them, if you can, before you plant. ~ What is the deer pattern in your neighborhood/property? Start discouraging them from crossing your property.

In Your Notebook: Place house in property and note north, south, east and west. Place buildings, gardens. ~ Study the sun from sun up to sun set for all seasons, note how many hours in each area. ~ From which direction does the wind come in each season and at what times of the day? ~ Will you need to add a windbreak if you get strong winds? (Wind can be more damaging to plants than cold.) ~ Check water flow across property during heavy rain. Do you need to fix drainage problems or add irrigation? ~ How does the elevation affect your temps? ~ Are there any microclimates in your yard? ~ What have you learned about the Isothermal belt and how it affects your gardening?

Gardening in Your Second Year: You now know where your best light is or have made areas for planting or corrected problems. ~ You should have improved soil or know what kind of elements you are dealing with and can now choose the appropriate plants. ~ Plant shrubs and trees and perennials.

SPRING IN THE GARDENS



[Photo by Alice Garrard]



[Photo by Mike Lumpkin]